Dharmabad Shikshan Sanstha's

LAL BAHADUR SHASTRI MAHAVIDHYALAYA, DHARMABAD PROFORMA FOR PROGRAM AND COURSE OUT COME (2.6.1)

Name Of the Teacher: **Dr Kanse K S** Academic Year : **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: First Year Sem I Subject: Physics

Course Code: CCPI (Sec A) Paper I Paper Title: Mechanics and Properties of Matter

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Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise
No			outcome
Ι	Mechanics	Laws of Mechanics (Newton's Laws of Motion), Newton's Law of Gravitation, Keplar's Law of Planetary Motion, Gravitational Field, Gravitational Intensity, Gravitational Potential, Gravitational Potential energy, Conservation Law, Work, Power, Kinetic Energy (Work Energy Theorem), Conservation of energy for a particle energy function, Motion of a body near the surface of earth, Types of conservative and non- conservative forces	Will be able to determine gravitational force, intensity, potential etc corresponding any two objects as well as work, power kinetic
II	Surface Tension	Molecular Forces, Surface Tension & its explanation, Pressure difference across a curved surface, Expression for Excess Pressure inside a Spherical Drop and spherical Soap Bubble, Surface Tension by Jaeger's Method, Surface Tension by Ferguson Method.	energy etc. Can find experimentally surface tension of any surface and excess pressure across any curved surface.
III	Viscosity	Introduction, Coefficient of Viscosity, Streamline flow, critical velocity, Reynolds Number & its significance, Bernoullies Theorem, Poiseuille's equation for the flow of liquid through a tube, Experimental determination of coefficient viscosity by Poiseuille's Method.	Can determine coefficient of viscosity of any fluid.
IV	Elasticity	Introduction, Hooke's Law, Elastic Constants (Y, K & ή), Poisson's Ratio, Twisting couple on a cylinder or a (wire), Torsional pendulum ,Bending of Beam, Bending Moment, Cantilever (Weight of	Can determine the young, rigidity and bulk modulus

the beam is ineffective, Weight of the beam is	of	any
effective), Depression of a Beam supported at the	material.	
ends and loaded at the Centre, Determination of Y		
by bending of beam.		

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1) Calculate gravitational potential, gravitational potential energy and gravitational intensity of any objects.
- 2) Determine viscosity of fluids, surface tension of various surfaces and can also find all modulus of elasticity.

Signature of Teacher

Name of the Teacher: Dr Y. S. Joshi

Program: B.Sc. Class: First Year Sem I Subject: Physics

Course Code: CCP- I (Sec B) Paper II Paper Title: Mathematical methods in Physics

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise
Number			Outcomes
I	Vector Analysis	Introduction to Scalars, Vectors, Dot products and Cross Product of two vectors, Vector triple product, Scalar triple product, Scalar and vector field, Gradient of a scalar field, Divergence of a vector field and Curl of a vector field and their Physical interpretation, Laplacian Operator (\Box^2), Line integral, Surface integral, Volume integral, Gauss's divergence theorem, Stoke's theorem, Green's theorem (Statements only).	 Knowledge of concepts in vectors. Use of them to understand various phenomenon and their physical significance
II	Complex variables	Introduction, Definition, complex algebra (Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, conjugate complex number), Argand diagram, Graphical representation of Sum, Difference, product and Quotient of complex number, Properties of moduli ,arguments and geometry of complex numbers, Rectangular, polar and exponential form of complex numbers.	Students will be able to apply the concept of complex variables
III	Partial Differentiation	Definition of Partial Differentiation, total Differentiation, and Chain rule, Order of Differentiation, Change of variables from Cartesian to Polar Co-ordinates, Implicit, Condition for maxima and minimum (without proof), Solutions Some Partial Differential Equations: Solutions to partial differential equations, using separation of variables: Laplace's Equation in problems of spherical symmetry, rectangular symmetry.	This unit will enable the students to solve the problems related to partial differentiation
IV	Fourier series	Introduction of Periodic Functions, Definition of Fourier Series, Evaluation of the coefficients of Fourier series, Cosine series, Sine series, Dirichlet's Conditions, Graphical representations of even and odd functions, Advantages of Fourier series, Physical applications of Fourier series analysis: Square wave and half wave Rectifier.	Fourier Analysis unit will enable the Students to analyze the periodic functions.

Specify Course Outcome:

After completion of this course students will be able

- 1. To apply the concept of vectors and complex variables to various physical quantities.
- 2. This course will also enable the students to solve the problems related to partial differentiation. Fourier Analysis unit will enable the students to analyze the periodic functions.

Signature of Lecture

Dr. Y S Joshi

Name Of the Teacher: **Dr Tak A S** Academic Year: **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: First Year Sem II Subject: Physics

Course Code: CCPII (Sec A) Paper III Paper Title: Heat and Thermodynamics

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit
No		-	wise
			outcome
I	Thermometry	Types of Thermometers, Centigrade and Fahrenheit	
		scale, relation between Celsius, Kelvin, Fahrenheit	students
		& Rankine scales, Platinum resistance thermometer,	passed
		Seebeck effect.	
II	Real Gases and	Behavior of gases at high pressure, Boyle	Majority
	Their Behavior	temperature, Andrew's Experiment on CO2,	students
		Amagat's Experiment, Vander wall's Equation of	passed
		State, Critical Constants, Corresponding states,	
		Coefficients of Vander wall's Equation, Reduced	
		Equation of State, Joule Thomson Porous Plug	
		Experiment, Temperature of Inversion, Relation	
		between Boyle temperature and Temperature of	
***	TD.	Inversion	3.5.1.1.
III	Transport	Molecular Collisions, Mean free path, Expression	Majority
	Phenomenon in Gases	for mean free path, Transport Phenomena, Viscosity of Gases. Thermal Conductivity of Gases.	students
	Gases	, in the same of t	passed
		Diffusion, Inter relation between three transport coefficients.	
IV	Thermodynamics	First Law of Thermodynamics, Relation connecting	Majority
1 V	and	P, V and T in an Adiabatic Process, Second Law of	students
	Thermodynamical	Thermodynamics (Kelvin and Clausius statements),	passed
	Relations	Carnot's cycle, Carnot's heat Engine, Carnot's	passea
	1 Ciutions	Theorem, Entropy, Entropy of Irreversible	
		processes entropy of reversible process, Third Law	
		of Thermodynamics. Internal energy, Helmholtz'	
		function, Enthalpy, Gibb's function, Maxwell's	
		Thermodynamical Relations, T- dS equations,	
		Clausius-Clapeyron latent heat equations.	
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Specify Course outcome: All students acquired fundamental knowledge and are ready to acquire advance knowledge necessary for research skill development

Signature of Teacher

Name of the Teacher: **Dr Y. S. Joshi** Department: **Physics**

Program: B.Sc. Class: First Year Sem II Subject: Physics

Course Code: CCP- II (Sec B) Paper IV Paper Title: Electricity and Magnetism

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise
Number			Outcomes
I	Basic Electricity Principles And AC Currents	Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power. Ohm's law.Series, parallel, and series-parallel combinations. AC Electricity and DC Electricity. Familiarization with multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter. AC through LCR circuit, (series resonance and Parallel Resonance circuits) Complex numbers and Their Applications in solving AC Circuit Problems, Complex Impedance and Resistance, Power in AC circuit Power Factor, Choke, Transformer Principle, with current and voltage ratios; Efficiency of transformer Types of Transformers: step down and Step up, Power loss In	Understand the basic difference between the DC and AC circuits and their functioning.
II	Electromagnetic Induction	Transformer, AC bridge, Owns Bridge. Definition, Faradays Law of Electromagnetic Induction, Self induction, self induction of a Solenoid, Mutual induction, Mutual Induction of a pair of coil, Work done in Establishing Current in an Inductance, Mutual inductance of a Co axial Solenoids, Problems.	Knowledge of the Electromagntic induction. Able to understand the principle of Galvanometer.
III	Magnetization	Introduction, Magnetic Induction, Intensity of magnetization, Permeability, Susceptibility, Relation between Permeability and Susceptibility, Hysteresis curve, I-H curve By magnetometer Method, Moving coil type Ballistic Galvanometer, logarithmic decrement, damping correction,	Students understands the concepts of static and dynamical electrical magnetic fields
IV	Magnetostatics	Definition of Magnetic Field, Lorentz Force, Force on a Current Carrying Conductor, Magnetic Dipole Moment, Biot And Savert Law, and Its Applications to straight conductor, Circular coil, Amperes Circuital Law and its Curl.	Able to understand the concepts of magnetization & Laws. Application of these laws to obtain the magnetic field.

Specify Course outcome:

- This course is of most applied nature and will enable the students to understand the role of electricity in everyday life, relate electrical conduction.
 To understand the working principles of various electrical components and gadgets.

Signature of Teacher

Dr. Y S Joshi

Name Of the Teacher: **Dr Kanse K S** Academic Year: **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Second Year Sem III Subject: Physics

Course Code :CCP III(Sec A) Paper VI Paper Title : Wave and Oscillations

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise		
No			outcome		
I	Waves	Wave velocity and particle velocity, Differential	Will be able to		
		equation of wave motion, Energy of a plane	determine		
		progressive wave, Equation of motion of a vibrating	various physical		
		string, Velocity of transverse waves along a string,	parameters of		
		Frequency and period of vibration of a string,	waves.		
II	Stationary	Analytical treatment of stationary waves (closed	Will be able to		
	Waves	end& open end pipe at the other end), Investigation	find density and		
		of pressure and density changes at displacement	pressure at		
		Nodes and Antinodes, Distribution of Energy in a	various positions		
		stationary wave, Energy is not transferred in a	of stationary		
		stationary waves.	waves		
III	Free and Forced	Free Vibrations, Forced Vibrations, Resonance,	Will be able to		
	Vibrations	Oscillatory Motion of a particle from energy	differentiate		
		considerations, Damped simple harmonic motion,	between free and		
		Aperodic, Critically Damped Oscillatory Motions,	forced vibrations		
		Effect of damping on Frequency, Forced			
		Vibrations, resonance and sharpness of resonance.			
IV	Acoustic and	Reverberation, Reverberation time, Derivation of	Will be able to		
	Ultrasonic	Reverberation Time (Sabine's formula), Absorption	determine		
		coefficient, Determination of absorption	reverberation		
		coefficient(reverberation Chember Method),	time of an		
		Conditions for good acoustical designs of	auditorium and		
		auditorium, Ultrasonics, Piezo-electric &	can generate		
		magnetostriction effect, Piezoelectric Oscillator,	ultrasonic waves		
		magnetostriction oscillator, Detection of ultrasonic	by any of the		
		waves: Acoustic grating Books	methods.		

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1) Determine various physical parameters of waves
- 2) Determine reverberation time of an auditorium and can generate ultrasonic waves by any of the methods
- 3) Different between free and forced vibrations
- 4) Determine reverberation time of an auditorium and can generate ultrasonic waves by any of the methods.

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher : **Dr Tak A S** Academic Year : **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Second Year Sem II Subject: Physics

Course Code :CCP III(Sec B)Paper VII Paper Title : Statistical Physics, Electromagnetics

and Theory of Relativity

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit
No			wise
			outcome
I	Statistical Basis	Statistical Basis, probability , probability and	Majority
	and	frequency, permutation and combinations, Micro	students
	Thermodynamics	and Macro states, Thermodynamic probability,	passed
		Entropy & probability	
II	Classical	Phase space, Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution law,	Majority
	Statistics and	Quantum Statistics- Bose- Einstein Distribution	students
	Quantum	law, Fermi- Dirac Distribution law, comparison of	passed
	Statistics	M. B., B.E. and F. D. statistics, Application of	
		Quantum statistics to Photon gas and Electron gas.	
III	Electromagnetic	Ampere's Law and Steady State current,	Majority
	Theory and	Generalization of Ampere's Law and displacement	students
	Maxwell's	current, Maxwell's Equations, Derivation of	passed
	Equations	Maxwell's Equations, The electromagnetic Energy,	
		and Poynting Vector, The wave Equation.	
IV	Relativity	Introduction, frame of reference, , Postulates of	Majority
		Special Theory of Relativity, Galilean	students
		Transformations, Lorentz Transformations, Length	passed
		Contraction, Time dilation, Velocity addition,	
		relativity of mass, Mass energy relation.	

Specify Course outcome: All students acquired fundamental knowledge and are ready to acquire advance knowledge necessary for research skill development

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher :**Dr Kanse K S** Academic Year : **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Second Year Sem VI Subject: Physics

Course Code : CCPIV (Sect A) Paper VIII Paper Title : Optics and Lasers

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise
No			outcome
I	Geometrical	Cardinal Points of an Optical System(six points),	Will be able to
	Optics	Coaxial Lens System (equivalent focal length	determine
		and cardinal points), Huygens Eyepiece, Ramsden	cardinal points
		Eyepiece and their cardinal points.	and focal length
			of lens systems
II	Interference and	Newton's Rings, Determination of wavelength of	Will be able to
	Diffreaction	Sodium light, Michelson Interferometer,	determine
		Determination of wavelength of monochromatic	wavelength by
		light, Difference in wavelength between two	interference and
		neighboring spectral lines.	diffraction. And
		Diffraction:	also RP optical
		Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer's	instruments
		diffraction due to single and double slit, Plane	
		diffraction grating, Determination of wavelength of	
		Sodium light, Rayleigh criterion, Resolving power	
		of grating, Resolving power of Prism.	
III	Polarisation	Polarization by Reflection, Brewster's law, Malus	Will be able to
		law, Double refraction, Nicol prism, Nicol prism as	polarize
		an analyzer, Huygen's explanation of double	ordinary light
		Refraction in Uniaxial crystals, Quarter wave	and analyze
		plate, Half wave plate, Optical Activity, Specific rotation, Laurent's half shade polarimeter.	polarized light
IV	Lasers	Spontaneous & stimulated emission, absorption,	Will be able to
		Einstein coefficients (definitions), Population	understand the
		inversion, Optical & electrical pumping, Properties	process of
		of lasers, He-Ne laser and diode laser.	production of
			laser

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1) Determine cardinal points and focal length of lens systems
- 2) Determine wavelength by interference and diffraction. And also RP optical instruments
- 3) Polarize ordinary light and analyze polarized light.
- 4) Understand the process of production of laser.

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher : **Dr Tak A S** Academic Year : **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Second Year Sem IV Subject: Physics

Course Code: CCPIV (Sec B) Paper IX Paper Title: Basic Electronics

Unit No	Unit Name	Topics	Unit outcome	wise
I	Regulated Power Supply	Introduction, ordinary D. C. power supply, Voltage regulation, , Need of regulated power supply, Types of regulators, for low voltage, for high voltage, Zener diode voltage regulator, Transistor series voltage regulator Series feedback voltage regulator short circuit protection, Transistor shunt voltage regulator, Definition of Line and Load regulation	Majority students passed	
П	Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJT	Transistor Connections: Common base, common emitter, common collector, Characteristics of common base, common emitter, common collector connections, transistor Load line Analysis, Operating point. Hybrid parameters (or h parameters) Determination of h-parameters, Analysis of common emitter amplifier and common using h-parameters (current gain, voltage gain, power gain, input resistance and output resistance)	Majority students passed	
III	Operational Amplifier	Operational Amplifier, Basic circuit of differential amplifier, common Mode and differential mode signals, block diagram of Op-Amp, schematic symbol, ideal Characteristics, input offset voltage; input offset current, input bias current, input impedance, Output impedance, open loop gain, Slew rate, Inverting amplifier.	Majority students passed	
IV	Sinusoidal Oscillators	Sinusoidal Oscillator, Types of sinusoidal Oscillators, Oscillatory circuit, Positive feedback Amplifier- Oscillator, Barkhausen Criterion, Hartley oscillator, Colpitt's oscillator, RC Network, Phase shift oscillator	Majority students passed	

Specify Course outcome: All students acquired fundamental knowledge and are ready to acquire advance knowledge necessary for research skill development

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher: **Dr Tak A S** Academic Year **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Third Year Sem V Subject: Physics

Course Code: DSEP I (SecA) Paper XII Paper Title: Quantum Mechanics

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit
No			wise
			outcome
I	Particle	Introduction, Photoelectric Effect, Quantum Theory	
	Properties of	of Light, The Compton Effect, de Broglie waves,	students
	Waves	Wave function, de Broglie Wave Velocity, Wave	passed
		and Group velocities, G. P. Thomson experiment,	
		The Uncertainty principle and its applications	
II	Schrödinger's	Introduction, Schrödinger's Equation: Time	Majority
	Equation	dependent form, Probability current, Expectation	students
		Values, Operators, Schrödinger's Equation: Steady-	passed
		state form, Eigen values and Eigen functions,	
		Problems	
III	Applications of	Introduction, The particle in a box: energy	Majority
	Quantum	quantization, The particle in a box: wave functions,	students
	Mechanics	The particle in a box: Momentum Quantization, The	passed
		Harmonic Oscillator, The Harmonic Oscillator-	
		Energy level, The particle in a three dimensional	
		box	
IV	Quantum	Schrödinger's equation for the Hydrogen Atom in	Majority
	Theory of	, 1	students
	Hydrogen Atom	Variables, Quantum numbers –Total quantum	passed
		number, Orbital quantum number, Magnetic	
		quantum number, spin quantum number	

Specify Course outcome: All students acquired fundamental knowledge and are ready to acquire advance knowledge necessary for research skill development

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher: Dr Chawhan A G Academic Year 2019-20

Program: B.Sc. Class: Third Year Sem V Subject: Physics

Course Code :DSEP I (Sec B) Paper XIIIA Paper Title : Solid State Physics

Unit No	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise outcome
I	Crystal Structure	Introduction, Crystal Lattices and Translation vectors, Unit cell, Basis, Symmetry operations, Point groups, space group, Types of lattices, Simple crystal structure (HCP, FCC, BCC, SC), Structure of Diamond, NaCl, Problems.	Knowledge about Crystal Lattices & Translation vectors, Unit Cell, Basis. Different types of Symmetry Operations, Method of calculations Packing fraction of SC, BCC, FCC, HCP crystal Structure.
II	Bonding in Solids and X-Ray Diffraction	Inter atomic forces and types of bonding, ionic bond, covalent bond, metallic bond, hydrogen bond, Vander-waal's bond. X-ray diffraction, Bragg's law, Laue's method, Rotating crystal method	Definition, Concept & criteria of formation of Ionic bond, Covalent bond, Metallic Bond, Hydrogen bond, Vander Waal's bond & their properties Interaction of X-Rays with matter, Derivation of Bragg's law, Crystal structure determination method.
III	Thermal Properties of Solids	Specific heat of gases, Specific heat of solids, Classical theory of Lattice heat Capacity, Einstein's theory of heat Capacity, Debye's theory of specific heat of solids, Limitations of Debye model	Calculations of Specific heat of Monoatomic, Diatomic & Triatomic Gases. Derivations of Total Energy & Specific heat by using Classical theory. Failure of Classical theory, Derivations of Total Energy & Specific heat by using Einstein's theory & behaviour of specific heat at high & Low temperature. Failure of Einstein's theory, Derivations of Total Energy

			& Specific heat by using Debye's theory & behaviour of specific heat at high & Low temperature
IV	Free Electron Theory of Metals	The outstanding properties of metals, Drude-Lorentz theory, Thermal conductivity, Electrical conductivity, Widemann- Franz relation, Sommerfeld Model, Electrical conductivity and Ohms law, Electronic specific heat, Thermoionic emission, escape of electrons from metal.	Explain Drude-Lorentz theory, Derivation of Thermal & Electrical conductivity and Wiedeman- Franz Relation. Detailed analysis of Sommerfeld's theory, Calculation of Electronic Specific heat, Theory of Thermionic Emission & Escape of electrons from metals

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course students will be able to

- 1. Understanding of crystal systems.
- 2. Understand of various types bonds existing in solid.
- 3. Understand various theories related to calculation of Specific heat of Solids.
- 4. Understand concepts of Thermal & Electrical conductivity, Ohm's law, Thermionic Emission
- & Escape of electrons from metals

Specify Program outcome

The course provides fundamental knowledge of Crystallography, principles behind the formation of matter their structure & physical properties. The course also enables the students to understand the relationship between the internal structure & various properties of matter like periodicity, structure & bonding in solids. At the end of this course, student will be able to classify the materials in different classes based on their physical, thermal, electrical & magnetic properties.

Signature of Teacher

Dr Chawhan A G

Name Of the Teacher: **Dr Kanse K S** Academic Year **2019-20**

Program: B.Sc. Class: Third Year Sem VI Subject: Physics

Course Code: DSEPII (Sec A) Paper XIV Paper Title: Atomic, Molecular and Nuclear

Physics

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise
No			outcome
I	Atomic Physics	The Vector Atom Model, Quantum numbers associated with the vector atom model, LS and J-J coupling, The Pauli's exclusion Principle, Selection rules, Intensity rules, Interval rule, Normal Zeeman effect, Anomalous Zeeman effect, Stark effect.	Will be able to understand various properties of atomic physics
П	Molecular Spectra	Regions of Electromagnetic Spectra, Classification of Molecular Spectra, Theory of pure rotational spectra, Theory of rotation-vibration spectra, Raman Effect, Experimental study.	Will be able to study and analyze various properties of molecular spectra.
III	Nuclear Fission and Nuclear Reactions	Nuclear Fission, the fission products, energy release in fission, nuclear transmutation reactions, Conservation laws, Nuclear reaction kinematics	Will be able to understand nuclear fission and allied properties.
IV	Nuclear Fusion and its applications	Nuclear fusion, p-p chain reaction as the source of energy in the Sunlike stars, thermal nuclear reactor, the neutron cycle, controlled and uncontrolled thermonuclear reactions.	Will be able to apply principle of nuclear fusion to various thermonuclear process.

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1) Understand various properties of atomic physics
- 2) Study and analyze various types of molecular spectra
- 3) Understand nuclear fission and allied properties
- 4) Apply principle of nuclear fusion to various thermonuclear process

Signature of Teacher

Name Of the Teacher: Dr Chawhan A G Academic Year 2019-20

Program: B.Sc. Class Third Year Sem VI Subject: Physics

Course Code :DSEP II (Sec B) Paper XVA Electronics Paper Title: Digital and Communication

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit wise outcome
No			
I	Number Systems	Number System:- Decimal numbers, Binary numbers, Binary numbers, Binary arithmetic, Ones complement representation, Twos complement representation, Octal Numbers, Hexadecimal numbers, Interconversions of number systems, Binary coded decimal (BCD), Gray code, Excess-3 code.	Explain Binary numbers, & Binary Arithmetic, One's & Two's complement representation. Explain Octal & Hexadecimal number system. Inter conversion of from one number system to other number system, BCD numbers system, Obtain Gray & Excess codes of given binary numbers
II	Logic Gates	AND gate, OR gate, NOT gate, NAND gate, NOR gate, EX-OR and EX-NOR gates, Universal properties of NAND and NOR gates. Boolean operations, logic expressions for 2,3 & 4 inputs, laws of Boolean algebra, De - Morgen's theorems, SOP form of Boolean expressions, simplification of Boolean expressions using K-maps (up to 4 variables),Half adder, Full adder	Study of Logic gates like AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EX-OR & EX- NOR with truth tables & logic symbols. Study of Boolean algebra, De-Morgan's theorem. Deriving logic expressions for 2,3 & 4 inputs. Study of SOP form of Boolean expressions using K-maps (upto 4 variables), Half & full Adder
III	Modulation and Demodulation	Introduction, Types of Modulation, Expression for A. M. voltage, AM waves, Frequency spectrum of AM wave, Power Output in AM, Expression for frequency modulated voltage, Principle of demodulation, linear diode AM detector or demodulator.	Study different types of Modulation. Derive expression for AM wave & power relations of AM wave. Derive expression for FM wave. Study of general principles of demodulation and working of Linear diode

			detector	
IV	Communication	Introduction, Block diagram of	Study of Basic	
	Electronics	basic communication system,	communication system by	
		Essential elements of A.M.	means of block diagram.	
		Transmitter. A.M. receiver: Turned	Study of functions of AM	
		Radio Frequency (TRF) Receiver,	receivers & working of	
		Super heterodyne receiver,	Tuned Radio frequency	
		Characteristics of radio receivers:	receiver, Superheterodyne	
		sensitivity, selectivity, fidelity &	receiver with the help of	
		their measurements.	block diagram.	
			Study of Characteristics of	
			Radio Receivers like	
			Sensitivity, Selectivity	
			fidelity & their	
			measurements.	

Specify Course outcome: After completion of this course students will be able to

- 1. Understanding of various number systems and their inter conversion.
- 2. Understand working of various types of Logic gates & the simplification of logic expression.
- 3. Understand working of AM & FM communication system.
- 4. Understand working of AM radio receivers.

Specify Program outcome

The course enables the students to understand the importance of inter convertibility of various number systems, principles of various digital gates and working of various communication systems. After completing this course students will be in a position to know the working of AM & FM communication systems i.e. modulators, demodulators, transmitters & receivers

Signature of Teacher

Dr Chawhan A G