

Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology

Program: B.Sc. FY

Subject: Zoology

Course Code: CCZ-I

Paper Title: Biodiversity of Invertebrates-I

Unit Number	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Ι	 Introduction of Non-chordates 2. Protozoa: General characters and classification up to class level with suitable examples; Locomotory Organelles and locomotion in Protozoa. Structure, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity and Control Measures of Plasmodium vivax. Porifera:-General characters and classification up to class level with suitable examples; Canal System in Sycon; Economic importance of Porifera. 	The students will be able to identify a given invertebrate up to class level.
Π	 Coelenterata: General characters and classification up to class level with suitable examples; Polymorphism in Hydrozoa. Platyhelminthes: General characters and classification up to class level with suitable examples; Structure, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity and Control Measures of Taenia solium. Nemathelminthes: General characters and classification up to class level with suitable 	Ability to understand a contribution of invertebrates in the given habitat.
	examples; Structure, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity and Control Measures of Ascaris lumbricoides.	



	1. Annelida: General characters and	Ability to understand and appreciate the ecological
	classification up to class level with	and economic important of invertebrate and
	suitable examples;	vertibrates.
ш	Metamerism in Annelida; vermiculture	
111	and vermicomposting.	
	2. Arthropoda: General characters	
	and classification up to class level with	
	suitable examples;	
	Vision in Arthropoda, Metamorphosis in	
	Insects.	
	Cockroach- External Morphology,	
	Digestive system, Respiratory system,	
	Nervous system.	
	Economic importance of insects.	
	1. Mollusca: General characters and	Ability to identify and describe external
	classification up to class level with	morphology and internal anatomical features of
	suitable examples;	representative invertebrate species.
IV	Economic importance of Mollusca.	
1,	2. Echinodermata: General	
	characters and classification up to class	
	level with suitable examples; Star Fish-	
	External Morphology, Larval forms in	
	Echinoderms.	
	3. Hemichordate: General	
	Characters and Affinities.	

Specify Course Outcome: Identify and classify Invertebrate organism base on morphological and anatomical.

Specify Program Outcome: Identify, Explain and classify animals morphologically, anatomically and embryologically with practice of cytological & microscopic technique



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Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Program: B.Sc. FY Semester-I

Department: Zoology.

Subject: Zoology.

Paper Title: Biodiversity of Chordates: P-II.

Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number		
Ι	Introduction of Chordates salient features and classification of chordates up to class level. Origin and Ancestry of Chordata Protochordata: Urochordata-General features and Phylogeny of Urochordata; Cephalochordata- General features and Phylogeny of Cephalochordata. Agnatha: General characters and classification of Agnatha with suitable examples. Cyclostomata: General characters with suitable examples.	Students will be able to identify and understand the biodiversity of chordates.
Π	Pisces: General characters and classification up to order level with suitable examples; Scoliodon (Dogfish): External morphology, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Circulatory System, Nervous system, Urinogenital system. Economic importance of Fishes. Amphibia: General characters and classification up to order level with suitable examples; Parental care in Amphibians; Hibernation and aestivation in Frog.	Ability to understand anatomical relation between different vertebrate classes.
III	Reptiles: General characters and classification up to order level with suitable examples; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes; Biting mechanism in snakes; Importance of snake Venom. Aves: General characters and classification up to order level with suitable examples; Flight Adaptations in birds; Migration in birds.	Learner will be able to understand the economic importance of chordates.



IV	Mammals: General characters and classification	Students	will	unders	tand
	up to order level with suitable examples.	characters	life	study	of
	Rat- External characters, Digestive system,	mammals.		-	
	Respiratory system, Circulatory system, Nervous				
	system - Brain and spinal cord, Eye and Ear.				

Specify Course Outcome: To identify and classify animals based on morphological and anatomical.

Specify Program Outcome: To understand the anatomical structure of vertibrates.



_____ Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

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Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology

Program: B.Sc. FY. Semester-II Subject: Zoology Course Code: CCZ-II

Paper Title: Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates-III

Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number		
Ι	 General characters, origin and Ancestry of Vertebrates. Integumentary System: Development, General structure and function of integument; Derivatives of integument- Epidermal and Dermal derivatives; Skeletal System- Evolution of visceral arches; Comparative account of Limbs and girdles 	Interpret the comparative anatomical structure of integument and their derivatives of vertebrates. Compare the evolutionary evidences in skeletal system of vertebrates.
Π	 Digestive System: Digestive System: Brief account of alimentary canal and digestive glands. Respiratory System: Brief account of different respiratory organs in vertebrates- Gills, lungs, skin, air sacs and Accessory respiratory organs. 	Demonstrate the comparative anatomical structure of Alimentary canal, Lungs and Accessory respiratory organs in vertebrates.
III	 Circulatory System: Brief account of Evolution of heart in vertebrates. Modifications of aortic arches in vertebrates; Blood circulation in various vertebrate groups- Single and Double circulation Urinogenital System: Developmental Succession of kidney, Evolution of 	Describe the Circulatory System and Urinogenital System in vertebrates with reference to evolutionary changes.
	urinogenital system in vertebrates.	



	1. Nervous System: Structure of	Explain the Comparative account of Brain of
	Neuron; Comparative account of Brain of	Vertebrates. Clarify the concept of sense organs.
	Vertebrates.	
IV/	2. Sense Organs - Types of	
IV	receptors- Mechanoreceptors;	
	Photoreceptors; Phonoreceptors.	

Specify Course Outcome: Clarify the concept of Comparative Anatomy of Internal organs of Vertebrates.

Specify Program Outcome: Identify, Explain and classify animals morphologically, anatomically and embryologically with practice of cytological & microscopic technique

Signature of Teacher



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Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology

Program: B.Sc. F. Y. Semester-II Subject: Zoology

Course Code: CCZ-II

Paper Title: Developmental Biology of Vertebrates: P-IV.

Unit	Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number	Name		
1	I	 Introduction of Developmental Biology Early Embryonic Development: Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and oogenesis in mammals; vitellogenesis in birds; 3. Types of eggs: a) On the basis of amount of yolk b) On the basis of distribution of yolk 	Explain the basic processes of vertebrate embryonic development
2	Π	 Gametes of Frog: a) Structure of sperm; b) Structure of ovum; Frog Embryology: a) Fertilization; b) Cleavage; Blastulation; d) Gastrulation; e) Formation of three germinal layers; 3. Regeneration in chordates. 	Describe the various steps in vertebrate development.
3	Ш	 Chick Embryology: (Extra-embryonic membranes) - Structure and functions of- Amnion; Chorion; Yolk sac; Allantois Plancentation in mammals: Classification on the basis of- Origin; Histology; Distribution of villi. Functions of Placenta. 	Explain about the different embryonic and extra-embryonic structures.
4	IV	 Stem Cell: a) Sources; b) Types – Embryonic, Haemopoitic, Adult, Nervous; c) Role of stem cells in human health. Infertility in Humans-Causes, diagnosis and 	Learn Assisted Reproductive Technologies



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	treatment. 3. Assisted Reproduction Technologies- a) In-Vitro Fertilization (IVF) b) Gamete Intra- Fallopian Transfer (GIFT); c) Intra cytoplasmic Sperm injection (ICSI); d)Zygote Intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT); e) Intrauterine Insemination (IUI) 4. Parthenogenesis: a) Natural; b) Artificial.	

Specify Course Outcome: Specify Course Outcome: Learn and describe basic embryonic and extraembryonic development, developmental processes and assisted reproductive technologies.

Specify Program Outcome: Identify and classify animals based on morphological and anatomical features, development in chick & amphibians and practice cytological & microscopic technique.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020 Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar Department: Zoology Program: B.Sc. F.Y .Semester-II Subject: Zoology Course Code: CCZP-I

Paper Title: Biodiversity of Invertebrates and Chordates & Comparative Anatomy and Developmental Biology of Vertebrates-V

Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number		
I	 Study of at least two museum specimens from Invertebrate Phyla. (Protozoa to Echinodermata and Hemichordata). Study of at least two museum specimens from Protochordata to Mammalia. Demonstration based on Models, Charts and Computer Aided Techniques: i) Cockroach: Digestive system, Nervous system. ii) Scoliodon: Digestive system, Heart and ventral Aorta, Afferent arteries, Brain. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes. Permanent Mountings - i) Mouth parts of Cockroach; ii) Trachea of Cockroach; iii) Salivary glands of Cockroach; iv) Nereis Parapodia; v) Mounting of different types Scales (From Locally 	Ability to identify and describe structure and functions of different body parts of invertebrates and vertebrates. Students would be able to prepare temporary and permanent mountings of biological material.
	Available Fishes): Cycloid, Ctenoid	



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and Placoid.	To identify and describe structure
6. Osteology: a) Disarticulated	and functions of different bones.
skeleton of fowl and rabbit/rat; b)	
Carapace and plastron of turtle	
/tortoise; c) Mammalian skulls: One	
herbivorous and one carnivorous	
animal. (Models / Charts);	
d) preparation of articulated complete	
skeleton of any locally available	
animal.	
7. Frog Embryology: Study of	
developmental stages, whole mounts	
and sections by permanent slides –	
cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula,	
neurula, tail bud stage,	
tadpole, external and internal gill	
stages.	
8. Study of the different types of	
placenta- histological sections using	
permanent slides or	
photomicrographs.	
9. Study of placental	
development in humans by using	
ultrasound scan images.	
10. Examination of gametes -	
frog/rat - sperm and ova using	
permanent slides or	
photomicrographs.	
11. Study of permanent slides of	
Chick Embryology: 18 hrs.; 24 hrs.;	
36 hrs.; 48 hrs.; 72 hrs. Stages 12.	
Demonstration of rat so as to expose	
its reproductive system.	Students would make observations
13. An "Animal Album"	of organisms in their natural
containing	environment and document them.
photographs, cut outs. with	
appropriate writes up about the	
different taxa. Different taxa/ topics	
may be given to different sets of	
students for this purpose.	
14. Short excursion/ study Tour	
is compulsory.	
15. Submission:	
1	1



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i) ii)	Practical record book duly signed by the teacher in charge/Head of the Department. ii) Five permanent stained micros. preparations. iii) Animal Album or Articulated complete skeleton of any locally available	
	any locally available animal iv) Excursion report	

- Specify Course Outcome: Explain and demonstrate identification of animals, vertebrates, embryological stages and field reporting.
- Specify Program Outcome: Identify and classify animals based on morphological and anatomical features, development in chick & amphibians and practice cytological & microscopic technique.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology

Program: B.Sc. SY Semster-VI

Subject: Zoology

Course Code: CCZ III

Paper Title: GENETICS (VI)

Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number		
	1) Introduction to Genetics	Learn the basic of Mendel's Laws of
	2) Mendelism	inheritance by using the different
	i) Mendel's Laws of inheritance ii)	examples cross and ratio
	Monohybrid dihybrid cross and ratio	examples cross and ratio.
I	iii) Incomplete dominance, iv) Back	
	cross and test cross	
	3) Interaction of genes	
	i) Complementary factor (9:7)	
	ii) Supplementary factor (9:3:4)	
	iii) Inhibitory factor (13:3) iv)	
	Dunlicate genes (15.1) y	
	Lathal gapes (12.1)	
	1) Multiple Alleles and Genes	Interpret the concept of Multiple
	1) Inheritance of ABO Blood groups in Man.	Alleles Inheritance. Learn the
	ii) Rh factor and Erythroblastosis foetalis in	Linkage and Crossing over.
п	man. iii) Multiple genes – skin pigmentation in man.	
	2) Linkage and Crossing over	
	i) Linkage – definition, types and significance ii)	
	Crossing over –	
	a) Mechanism of crossing over,	
	b) Factor affecting crossing over,	
	c) Significance of crossing over.	



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	1) Sex determination	Explain the Sex determination
	i) Chromosomal methods of sex determination.	examples of Sex linked
	ii) Bridge's ratio theory of genic balance.	inheritance and Mutation.
III	2) Sex linked inheritance	
	i) Sex linked inheritance in Drosophila. ii) Sex	
	linked inheritance in man – colourblindness,	
	haemophilia, Hypertrichosis	
	3) Cytoplasmic Inheritance-Ex. Kappa Particles	
	(Paramecium)	
	4) Mutation	
	i) Chromosomal mutations - Structural alterations	
	& Numerical alteration (Polyploidy). ii) Gene	
	mutations - Sickle Cell Anaemia. iii) Mutagenic	
	agents.	
	1) Human Genetics	Extend the Human Genetics with
	i) Syndromes – Turner, Klinefelter, Down, Cat –	respect to Inborn errors of
	Cry, patus. ii) Inborn errors of metabolism –	metabolism. Outline of Nature and
IV	Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonura, Albinism.	functions of genetic materials.
	iii) Human pedigree analysis with symbols. 2)	
	Nature and functions of genetic materials.	
	1) DNA – structure, functions and replications	
	11) RNA – Structure, types and functions. 11)	
	Genetic code	

Specify Course Outcome: Learn and interpret the basic concepts of Heredity and Variation of Genetics.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and clarify animals anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histotechniques and haematology.



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Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: ZOOLOGY

Program: BSc SY

Subject: Zoology

Course Code: CCZ III (B)

Paper Title: COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (P-VII)

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number			
1	1) Comparative	i) Integument ii)	classify and compare anatomical
	Anatomy of	Heart III) Kidney	Teature
	Vertebrates		
II	1) Enzyme	i) Nature and Classification of	Name and classify
		enzymes. ii) Mechanism of	Enzyme and nutrition
		enzyme action. iii) Factors	
		affecting on	
		enzymes activity	
		i) Digestion of carbohydrates,	
	2) Nutritions	proteins and lipids.	
		Water soluble vitaming (Sources	
		deficiency diseases and effects	
ш	1) Despiration	i) Definition of Aquatic and	Explain functions of respiratory
111	1) Respiration	1) Definition of Aquatic and Aerial respiration	system
		ii) Respiratory organs in man.	system
		iii) Mechanism of respiration.	
		iv) Transport of O2 and CO2i)	
	2) Circulation	Blood – composition and	
	_, _, _,	functions. 11) Structure and working	
		of field \mathbf{E} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} and \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{P}	Explain and analyse blood and heart
		iv) Blood clotting	and their different conditions.
		iv) Blood clothing.	



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IV	1) Excretion	 i) Modes of excretion in animals (Ammonotelism,Ureotelism and Uricotelism) ii) Structure of kidney (V.S.) iii) Structure of uriniferous tubules. iv) Physiology of urine formation. v) Composition of urine. 	Define and explain excretion. Label and analyse structure and functions of kidney.
	2) Nerve Physiology	 i) Structure and types of neurons. ii) Structure of synapse. iii) Conduction of nerve impulse. i) Types of muscles- smooth muscles, skeletal muscles and cardiac muscles 	Explain neural system.
	Muscle Physiology	ii) Ultra structure of skeletal muscles.	Explain muscle physiology.

Specify Course Outcome: Learn and interpret the animal anatomy and physiology.

Specify Program Outcome Explain and clarify animals' anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histotechniques and haematology.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1)	2019-2020
Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar	Department: Zoology

ł 5)

Subject: Zoology Program: B.Sc. SY

Course Code: CCZ IV (Section A)

Paper Title:-VIII- GENETIC ENGINEERING AND EVOLUTION

Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number		
Ι	 Introduction of Genetic Engineering Recombinant DNA Technology Tools: - A) Enzymes: - a) Lysing b) Ligases c) Nucleases (Exonucleases, Endonucleases, Restriction Endonucleases) d) Synthetases (DNA polymerase, Reverse transcriptase) Vectors: - Cloning vectors (Plasmid -psBR322, Bacteriophage-Lambda phage, Virus-SV40, Cosmid vectors) Techniques: - Gel-Electrophoresis ii) PCR (Polymerase 	Learn and understand Recombinant DNA Technology and other techniques of Genetic Engineering.
	Chain Reaction) iii) Southern, Northern and Western Blotting.	
Ш	 Construction of rDNA c-DNA libraries and Genomic libraries Transgenesis and Transgenic animals (Transgenic cattle, sheep, pig and fish) Cloning and cloned animals (Dolly sheep) DNA fingerprinting 	Extend the knowledge of Construction of rDNA and Transgenic animals.
III	 Concept of Evolution Theories of organic evolution i) Lamarck's theory ii) Darwin's theory Modern synthetic theory-Neo-Darwinism iv) Hugo De Vries theory 	Interpret the concepts of evolution relate to Theories of organic evolution.



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	1) Evidences of organic evolution a)	Identify the evolutionary evidences.
IV	Anatomical b) Embryological	Illustrate the animal adaptation to their
	c) Paleontological d) Biochemical	environment.
	2) Adaptations:-Aquatic, Terrestrial, Fossorial,	
	Volant and Desert.	
	3) Hardy-Weinberg's law	

Specify Course Outcome: Gain the better knowledge of advance techniques of Genetic Engineering and Concept of Evolution.

Specify Program Outcome: Specify Program Outcome: Explain and clarify animals' anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histo-techniques and haematology.



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Course Code: CCZ IV (Section B)

Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020			
Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar	Department: Zoology		

Program: B.Sc. SY Subject: Zoology

1		,	
Unit Number	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
I	1) Endocrinology	i) Pituitary gland ii) Thyroid glandiii) Adrenal gland iv) Islet's ofLangerhans (Pancreas) v) MenstrualCycle.	Define, label and explain endocrine glands.
II	1) Histology of mammalian organs and tissues.	i) Stomach ii) Intestine iii) Pancreas iv) Liver v) Kidney vi) Testes vii) Ovary.	Define, explain histology of mammalian organs and tissue.
III	1) Carbohydrate metabolism	 i) Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis and Gluconeogenesis ii) Glycolysis iii) Krebs's cycle 	Define and explain cellular respiration.
IV	 Protein metabolism Lipid metabolism 	 i) Deamination and Transamination ii) Ornithine cycle i) B-Oxidation ii) Ketosis, Ketogenesis and Ketolysis. 	Define and explain protein and lipid metabolism.

Paper Title: ENDOCRINOLOGY, HISTOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY: IX

Specify Course Outcome: Learn and Interpret the endocrine system, histology and biochemistry

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and clarify animals' anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histotechniques and haematology.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020 _____ Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology

Course Code: CCZP II

Program: BSc SY Subject: Zoology

Paper Title: Practical Paper: Genetics, Genetic Engineering and Evolution-X

Unit Number	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Ι	1. Problems based on Monohybrid and Dihyrid cross.	Solve the problems
	2. Problems based on interaction of genes	based on Genetics and
	(Complementary, Supplementary, Inhibitory Duplicate	explain the various
	factors)	types of genetic
	3. Problems based on blood group inheritance in man.	diseases and
	4. Problems based on sex linked inheritance.	Evolutionery study
	5. Culture of Drosophila and its observation of genetic	Evolutionary study.
	characters likes eyes and wings.	
	6. Preparation of temporary slides of salivary gland	
	chromosomes from chironomous larva.	
	7. Study of permanent slide of sickle cell anaemia.	
	8. Study of chromosomal abnormalities in man with the	
	help of photographs/charts and Karyotypes a) Down's	
	syndrome	
	b) Klinfelter's syndrome	
	c) Turner's syndrome	
	9. Human pedigree analysis- various symbols used.	
	10. Estimation of DNA by Diphenyl amine (DPA	
	method) 11. Study of human genetic traits (Rolling tongue,	
	Length of index and ring finger, ear lobes) by using Hardy	
	Weinberg's principle.	
	12. Calculation of frequencies of recessive and dominant	
	gene in a population by using Hardy weinberg Principle.	
	15. Calculation of heterozygote and homozygote in	
	14 Study of evidences by using photograph/charts and	
	models	
	a) Analogous and Homologous organs	
	b) Connecting link (Perinatus and Archaeontervy)	
	c) Embryological evidences	
	15 Study of adaptations (Museum Specimens)	
	13. Study of adaptations (Huseum Speemiens).	



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Specify Course Outcome: Solve the problems based on Genetics and explain the various types of genetic diseases and compare the various evolutionary links.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and clarify animals anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histotechniques and haematology.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020	
Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar	Department: Zoology

Program: BSc SY Subject: Zoology

Course Code: Practical Paper: CCZP III

Unit Number	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
1	 Qualitative detection of digestive enzymes (Protease, Amylase and Lipase) in cockroach. Detection of human salivary amylase. Estimation of oxygen consumption in fish or any other suitable aquatic animal. R.B.C. counting. W.B.C. counting. Estimation of Haemoglobin. Detection of blood groups. Measurement of B.P. by using B.P. apparatus (Demonstration only). Qualitative detection of nitrogenous waste products (Ammonia, Urea, Uric acid) in bird'sexcreta and urine of Mammals. Preparation of Haematin crystals. Temporary preparation of squamous epithelium, ciliated epithelium, skeletal muscle fiber and blood smear. Study of histological structure of following organs – stomach, intestine, pancreas, liver, kidney, testis, ovary, thyroid and pituitary. Structure of synapse, structure of neurons (slide/chart) Types of nerve cells - Unipolar, Biopolar, Multipolar (Slides) Location of endocrine glands through charts or models. Preparation of block. Compulsory educational excursion tour to visit various zoological important centres 	To explain, perform, identify, demonstrate histological slide, endocrine glands, blood, human physiological conditions, biochemical juices.

Paper Title: Comparative Anatomy and Physiology, Endocrinology, Histology and Biochemistry-XI

Specify Course Outcome: Comparative study of anatomy and physiology and Histological study of various endocrine glands and tissues and its composition of various biomolecules.



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Specify Program Outcome: Explain and clarify animals anatomy, physiology, endocrinology, biochemistry, histology, genetic, genetic engineering technique and evolution also practice histotechniques and haematology.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-20

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Program: B.Sc. Second Year Semester-III

Department: Zoology

Subject: Zoology

Course Code: SECZ-I(B)

Paper Title:

Uranology

Unit	Unit Nam	e/Topics	Unit wise Outcome
Ι	Definition,	Structure an Functions of Urinary	
	System, Physiology of Mechanism of Urine		
	formation		Students develops the skill a for
II	Constituen	ts and composition of Urine	the qualitative analysis and
	i.	Normal constituents and abnormal	composition of urine.
		constituents of Urine	
	ii.	Qualitative tests for sugar, albumin,	
		ketone bodies, bile salta and bile	
		pigments	
	Practical –	Study of normal and abnormal	
	constituents	s of Urine	
III	Renal func	tion tests	
	i.	Definition, importance of tests like	
		urea, creatinine, uric acid, proteins	
	ii.	Importance of Dialysis	
	Practical –	Biochemical Qualitative and	
	Quantitativ	e tests for Urine	
IV	Collection and preservation of Urine Sample		
	i.	Physical and Chemical Examinations of	
		abnormal constituents	
	ii.	Microscopic Examination of Urine	
	iii.	Preparation of Urine Report	
	iv.	Urinometer	
	Practical -	Study of Microscopic Examination of	
	urine		

Specify Course Outcome: Students develops the skill a for the qualitative analysis and composition of urine.

Specify Program Outcome: Students develops the skill a for the qualitative analysis and



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composition of urine.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-20

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department:

Zoology

Program: B.Sc. Second Year Semester-IV

Course Code: SECZ - II

Paper Title: Apiculture

Subject: Zoology

Unit	Unit Name/Topics	Unit wise Outcome
Ι	Biology of Bees	Student understand about Classification and
	i. History, Classification and	social organization of honey bees.
	Biology of Honeybees	
	ii. Social Organization of	
	Honey bees	
II	Rearing of Honey Bees	Rearing, diseases and enemies. The
	Artificial Bee Rearing (Apiary),	economics of honey bees and
	Believes – Newton and Langstroth,	entrepreneurship.
	Bee Pasturage, Selection of Bee	
	Species for apiculture, Bee keeping	
	equipment, Methods of extraction of	
	honey (Indegenous and Modern)	
	Practical – Visit to the Apiculture	
	centers, Collect practical information	
	of artificial Bee Hives and its	
	mechanism	
III	Diseases and Enemies	Students learn bee diseases, enemies,
	Bee diseases and enemies, Control and	control and preventive measures.
	preventive measures	
IV	Economy of Bees and	Products of apiculture industries and its
	Entrepreneurship	uses, modern methods, cross pollination in
	a. Products of Apiculture	horticulture gardens.
	industry and its uses (Honey,	
	Bees wax, Propolis, Pollen	
	etc.)	
	b. Bee keeping industry – recent	
	efforts, Moern methods in	
	employing artificial believes	
	for Cross pollination in	
	horiculture gardens	
	Practical – Collection of natural bee	
	hives, wax, honey etc.	

Specify Course Outcome: Students learn complete study of culture of Bees.



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Specify Program Outcome: Students learn complete study of culture of Bees. **Signature of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar**

Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology.

Course Code: DSEZ-I.

Program: B. Sc. T. Y. Subject: Zoology. Paper Title: ECOLOGY AND ZOOGEOGRAPHY- P-XII.

Unit	Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number	Name	_	
1	Ι	1. Ecology-Introduction and Scope of Ecology	Explain Interactions of
		2. Introduction to Ecosystem	organisms with their
		2.1. Components of an ecosystem	environments and
		a) Abiotic components – Light, Temperature &	consequences of these
		Water	interactions on ecosystem
		b) Biotic components – Producers, Consumers	dynamics.
		& Decomposers.	
		2.2. Types of Ecosystem- Aquatic- Pond	
		ecosystem. Terrestrial- Desert Ecosystem.	
		2.3. Food Chain, Food web, Ecological	
		Pyramids.	
		2.4. Energy Flow in an Ecosystem.	
		3. Bio-geochemical Cycles	
		3.1. Gaseous Cycle-Oxygen Cycle	
		3.2. Sedimentary Cycle- Sulphur Cycle	
		4. Spheres of Earth	
		4.1. Atmosphere	
		4.2. Litnosphere	
		4.3. Hydrosphere	
		4.4. Biosphere	
		4.5. Ecological Succession-, Trends, Basic	
	TT	1 ypes, Hydrarch and Xerarch	1 11
2	11	1. Population Ecology –	Illustrate inter-relationship
		1.1 Notality	between individuals in
		1.1 Martality	population and communities.
		1.2 Monancy	
		1.4 Population density	
		1.4 I Opulation density	



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		 1.5 Age distribution 1.6 Population Growth Form 1.7 Population Equilibrium and Fluctuation 2. Biotic interactions 2.1 Positive interactions – Commensalism, Mutualism 2.2 Negative interactions – Competition, Predation, Parasitism 	
3	III	 Pollution – Sources, Effects and Control Air Pollution Water Pollution Water Pollution Noise Pollution Energy Resources Conventional energy resources and their limitations 2.1.1 Fossil Fuels I.2 Nuclear Power I.3 Hydel Power Non-conventional energy resources – Advantages, Limitations & Latest developments I.2 Solar Energy I.2 Wind Energy I Solar Energy I Solar Energy 	Explain of the current environmental issues with ecological concepts involved.
4	IV	 Adaptations Adaptations Aquatic Adaptations Desert Adaptations Volant Adaptations Wildlife Conservation and Endangered Species Aims & necessity of wildlife conservation Wild life and Endangered species of India Measures to protect endangered species in India Zoogeographical Realms – Physical features and fauna of following Realms in Brief. Oriental Realm Australian Realm 	Inspect structural adaptations; conservation and management of natural resources

Specify Course Outcome: Explain, illustrate and inspect ecological systems, pollution, resource management and their relationship and impact on life forms.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology.

Program: BSc TY. Subject: Zoology. Paper Title: APPLIED PARASITOLOGY – I, P-XIII (B) Course Code: DSEZ-I

Unit	Unit	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number	Name		
1	Ι	1. Introduction to Parasitology :	Define and Explain basics in
		1.1 Brief introduction of Parasitology,	parasitology and classify
		Parasitism, Parasite, Host, Vector, Host	parasitic protozoans.
		1.2 Scope and Propohos of Peresitelogy	
		1.2 Scope and Blanches of Parashology.	
		2. Parasilic Protozoa: Classification and	
		2 Study of Systematic Position Coographical	
		distribution Morphology Life Cycle Pathogenicity	
		Diagnosis Pronhylaxis and Treatment of	
		1 Entamoeba histolytica	
		2 Giardia intestinalis	
		2. Trichomonos voginalis	
2	TT	Study of Systematic Desition Coographical	Explain disassas sausad by
2	11	distribution Mombalacy, Life Cycle Dethogenicity	Explain diseases caused by
		Diagnosis, Drambularia and Treatment of	parasitic protozoans.
		1 Trumon second semicirco	
		1. Trypanosonia gamolense	
		2. Balantidium coli	
		3. Sarcocystis cruzi,	
		4. Plasmodium vivax	
		5. Eimeria tenella	
3	III	Parasitic Platyhelminthes: Trematodes 1.	Explain parasitic diseases
		Introduction, Classification, General	caused by Trematodes.



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		 organization of Trematodes. 2. Study of Systematic Position, Geographical distribution, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of i. Schistosoma haematobium. ii. Paragonimus westermani. iii. Gastrodiscoides hominis. 3. Parasitic adaptations in Trematodes. 4. Larval forms in Trematodes. 			
4	IV	 Parasitic Platyhelminthes: Cestodes 1. Introduction, Classification, General organization of Cestodes. 2. Study of Systematic Position, Geographical distribution, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of i. Taenia saginata. ii. Taenia solium iii. Echinococcus granulosus. 3. Parasitic adaptations in Cestodes 4. Larval forms in Cestodes 	Explain caused by	parasitic / cestodes.	diseases

Specify Course Outcome: Outline information and diseases of parasitic protozoans and helminths.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.

Signature of Teacher



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology.

Program: B.Sc. T. Y. Subject: Zoology. Paper Title: Ethology, Biometry and Bioinformatics: P-XIV Course Code: DSEZ-II.

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number			
1	Ethology	1.Classification of AnimalBehaviour- 1.1. Inborn or stereotypedanimal behaviour – Taxis and Instinctswith examples. 1.2. Acquired animalbehavior – Imprinting, Conditioning,Habituation, Reasoning.1.3 Social Behaviour in Insects –Honeybee.	Explain basic sense of different behaviours.
2	Ethology	 Communication in animals Auditory Communication Chemical Communication Visual Communication Visual Communication Tactile Communication Mimicry and Colouration Types of Mimicry- Protective and Aggressive Types of Colourations- Protective, Aggressive and Warning 	Classify sensory systems with their intelligence.
3	Biometry	 Collection and Classification of Data Methods of collection of data Types of classification of data - Geographical, Chronological, Quantitative, Qualitative, Continuous, Discontinuous. Measures of Central Tendency Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode 	Define basic statistical techniques useful in biological studies.
		3. Graphic Representation of Data1.1 Histogram1.2 Pie Diagram1.3 Polygon Frequency Curve	



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4	Bioinformatics	1.1 Computer and their Applications in	Explain internet and web
		Biology	browsers.
		1.2 Internet and its Uses	
		1.3 World Wide Web	
		1.4 Search Engines	
		1.5 Broad Applications of Bioinformatics	
		1.6 Introduction to Biological Database	
		a) NCBI b) Pub Med	

Specify Course Outcome: define, explain and classify animal behavior, statistical techniques and internet.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.

Signature of Teacher



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Department: Zoology.

Program: B. Sc. T. Y. Subject: Zoology. Paper Title: APPLIED PARASITOLOGY – II: P-XV (B).

Unit Unit Name Topics Unit-wise Outcome Number 1 Parasitic Nematodes: Introduction, Classification, Identify 1. and explain General organization of Animal animal nematodes. Animal Nematodes Nematodes. 2. Study of Systematic Position, Geographical distribution, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of-1. Enterobius vermicularis 2. Ancylostoma duodenale. 3. Wuchereria bancrofti. 3. Larval forms in Animal Nematodes 2 Parasitic Nematodes: Identify and explain plant 1. Introduction, Classification, Plant Nematodes General organization of Plant nematodes. Nematodes 2. Study of Systematic Position, Geographical distribution, Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of-1. Meloidogyne (Root knot nematode), 2. Heterodera (Cyst nematode) 3. Tylenchulus (Citrus nematode)

Course Code: DSEZP-II.



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3	Parasitic	1. Systematic Position, Geographical	Identify and explain
	Arthropodes	Distribution, Morphology, Life Cycle,	parasitic arthropods.
	in un opodes	diseases and Control	1 1
		Measures of –	
		i. Acarina-Ticks & Mites. ii.	
		Parasitic Hemiptera -Bed Bug	
		(Cimex lacturalis)	
		2. Parasitic flies-Outline	
		Classification, Morphology, role as	
		vectors of Human diseases and Control	
		Measures of House Fly	
		(Musca domestica), Bot Fly	
		(Dermatobia hominis)	
4	Insect Vectors	Morphology, pathogenecity and	Identify and explain
		Control Measures of –	mosquito-borne parasitic
		i) Siphonaptera ii) Anopleura iii)	diseases.
		Mallophaga iv) Hymenoptera 2.	
		Mosquitoes as a vector in the	
		transmission of Malaria, Dengue	
		fever, Elephantiasis,	
		Yellow Fever, Chikungunia and their	
		control measures	
		3. Chemical and Biological Control of	
		Insets.	

Specify Course Outcome: Identify and explain various parasitic diseases with causative organisms.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.

Signature of Teacher



Lal Bahadur Shastri Mahavidyalaya, Dharmabad-431809

Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020

Name of Teacher: Mr. Shaikh Ubaid S. K. Masood.

Department: Zoology.

Course Code: DSEZP-I.

Program: B. Sc. T. Y. Subject: Zoology

Paper Title: Ecology, Zoogeography Ethology, Biometry and Bioinformatics: Practical Paper- XVI.

Unit	Unit Name	Topics	Unit-wise Outcome
Number			
1	Ecology	 Estimation of Dissolved O₂ from Water Sample. Estimation of Dissolved CO₂ from Water Sample. Estimation of Population Density from Water Sample/ Terrestrial area. Determination and study of Atmospheric Humidity. Study of positive and negative interactions (biotic interaction) in animals. Estimation of Chlorides, Salinity, Hardness from given water sample for Water quality status Ecological Adaptations (Any two examples from each to be studied) a) Volant Adaptations. Aquatic Animals (from fresh water and marine environment). c) Desert Animals. Report on a Field Visit to Zoo Park/National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild Life Sanctuary to study management, behavior and enumeration of wild animals. 	Analyse abiotic factors and adaptations in ecosystem.
2	Zoogeography	1. Museum study of Vertebrate Endangered Species or Threatened Wild Animals on the	Categorise endangered species and
		Basis of charts/ models/ photographs (Any Five).2. Identification of Zoogeographical Realms from the Map and Identify Specific Fauna of Respective Regions.	zoogeographical realms.



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3	Ethology	 To study the Positive and Negative Phototropism with suitable examples. 2. To study the Positive and Negative Chemotactic Response with suitable examples. Study of Colouration of animals with suitable examples. 	Demonstrate animal behavior.
4	Biometry	 Problems Based on Mean, Mode, Median. Classification of Data- i) Histogram, ii) Pie-Diagram, iii) Polygon Frequency Curve. 	Interpret and construct biological data.
5	Bioinformatics	 To perform online search on Biological information/Literature How to access the biological data from NCBI and Pub Med BLAST- Sequence Search & alignment. 	Analyse biological data online.

Specify Course Outcome: Analyse and demonstrate ethology, ecosystem and interpretation of biological data via statistical techniques and internet.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1) 2019-2020				
Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar		Department: Zoology.		
Program: B.Sc. TY Semester-VI	Subject: Zoology.	Course Code: DSEZP-II.		

Paper Title: Applied Parasitology {XVII (B)}

Unit Unit Topics Ur	Jnit-wise
Number Name Ou	Dutcome
1 I Identification, classification and description of Protozoan Parasites through permanent slides/photomicrographs i. At Parasites through permanent slides/photomicrographs i. 1 Entamoeba histolytica, ii. Giardia intestinalis, iii. and Trichomonas vaginalis iv. Trypanosoma gambiense v. Balantidium coli vi. Sarcocystis cruzi, vii. Plasmodium sp. viii. Eimeria tenella model 1 Collection, staining, identification and description of Parasitic protozoa from Blood sample or rectal contents of suitable animals – i. Cilliates, ii. Flagellates, iii. Malarial parasites, iv. Coccidian Parasites 2 Identification, classification and description of Parasitic platyhelminths through permanent slides/photomicrographs or specimens - i. Schistosoma haematobium ii. Fasciola hepatica iii. Paragonimus westermani. iv. Gastrodiscoides hominis	Able to identify, classify parasites and practice nounting of parasites.



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v. Taenia saginata, vi. Taenia solium vii. Echinococcus	
granulosus viii. Diphyllobothrium lattum	
2. Collection, Preservation, Staining, Mounting,	
identification and description of Trematodes and Cestodes	
from locally available different hosts (Gills & intestines).	
3. Identification, classification and description of	
Parasitic Nematodes (Animals & Plants) through permanent	
slides/photomicrographs or specimens – i. Enterobius	
vermicularis ii. Ancylostoma duodenale. iii. Ascaris	
lumbricoides iv. Wuchereria bancrofti.	
v. Meloidogyne (Root knot nematode), vi. Heterodera (Cyst	
nematode) vii. Tylenchulus (Citrus nematode) viii. Anguina (See	
Gall- nematode)	
6. Collection, Preservation, Mounting, identification and	
description of Animal Nematodes from locally available different	
hosts (intestines).	
7. Collection, Preservation, Mounting, identification and	
description of Plant Nematodes from soil samples.	
8. Study of following arthropods through permanent slides/	
photographs:	
Aedes, Culex, Anopheles, Pediculus humanus, Xenopsylla	
cheopis, Cimex lectularius	
Phlebotomus argentipes, Musca domestica.	
9 Collection, preservation, Preparation of permanent slides	
and description of mouth-parts of - House fly ii. Mosquito iii.	
Bed bug iv. Head louse	
10. Submission of a brief report on parasites of vertebrates.	

Specify Course Outcome: Identify, classify parasites and practice mounting of parasites.

Specify Program Outcome: Explain and illustrate ecological, ethological and parasitological aspects also practice techniques of biostatistics, Bio-informatics, vermicomposting and aquarium keeping.



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Dharmabad Shikshan Sanstha's Lal Bahadur Shastri Mahavidyalaya, Dharmabad. 431809

Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1)

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar	Department: Zoology
Program: B.Sc. Third Year	Subject: Zoology
Course Code: SECZ-III(E)	Year: 2018 – 19

Paper Title: Parasites of Public Health Importance

Credits: 02 (Marks: 50)

Unit	Unit Name/Topics	Unit wise Outcome
I	Brief introduction of Parasitology, Parasitism, Parasite, Host, Vector.	To acquinte the stundents learn about history, distribution, different types of malarial diseases
	MALARIAL PARASITES.	
	History, Geographic distribution, Taxonomic position of different Species of malarial parasites.	
	Distinguishing characters of different species of human malarial parasites, Life cycle, Pathogenicity, Prevention and control measures of Malarial parasites.	
П	PARASITIC PLATYHELMINTHES History, Geographic distribution , Morphology, Life Cycle, Pathogenicity, Prevention and control measures of Schistosoma haematobium and Taenia	Ability to understand the students about platyhelminthes history, distribution, structure, life cycle, diseases control treatment of different heliminth parasites
	solium	



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ш	LYMPHATIC FILARIAL PARASITES- Wuchereria bancrofti. History, Geographic distribution of lymphatic filariasis, Taxonomic position of Filarial worm (Wuchereria bancrofti), Distinguishing characters, Life cycle, Pathogenicity, Prevention and control measures.	Ability to understand the students lymphatical filarial parasites characters, life cycle, pathogenicity, prevention and control measures
IV	INSECTS OF MEDICAL IMPORTANCE Morphology, Medical importance and Control of Pediculus humanus, Xenopsylla cheopis Anopheles, Culex, Aedes	Students learn about insect vectors of human diseases, transmitters, preparation of mouth parts of arthropod insects



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Pro-forma for program and course outcomes (2.6.1)

Name of Teacher: Dr. S. R. Bhupalwar

Program: B.Sc. Third Year

Subject: Zoology

Department: Zoology

Course Code: SECZ-IV(H)
Paper Title: Sericulture

Year: 2018 – 19 Credits: 02 (Marks: 50)

Unit	Unit Name/Topics	Unit wise Outcome
I	Introduction of Sericulture	Students learn about history, scope, status, types of silk worm and cultivation, harvesting and diseases of Silk worms
	1.1 History and Scope of Sericulture, Present status of sericulture in India.	
	1.2 Types of silkworm- Mulberry, Tasar, Eri and Muga silkworm	
	1.3 Systematic position, Morphology, Life Cycle of Silkworm	
	1.3 Cultivation of Mulbery- Planting, grafting and Harvesting.	
	1.4 Mulberry diseases and pest managements.	
	a) Foliar Disease b) Root rot Disease c) Root knot Disease d) Common pest of Mulberry	
П	Silk worm Rearing	Students understand about rearing, practice, equipments, feeding, role of
	1.1 Prerequisite for silkworm rearing.	environment factors of rearing in
	1.2 Silkworm Rearing Equipments	SIKWOIIIIS
	1.3 Rearing Practices- Procurement of quality seeds, Brushing, Preparation of feed bed and	
	feeding, Bed Cleaning, Spacing, Mounting, Harvesting of Cocoons, Post Cocoon ProcessingStifling, Reeling. 1.4 Role of Environmental factors in rearing	
III	Pests and Diseases	Students ability to understand about silk worms, pests, diseases, fungal infections,
	1.1 Introduction and classification of different types of silkworm diseases	control prevention of silk worms.



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	 1.2 Influence of environment and Nutrition on the incidence of diseases. 1.3 Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates 1.4 Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial 1.5 Control and prevention of pests and diseases 	
IV	 Sericulture Economics and Marketing 1.1 Mulberry cultivation (per hectare) –Cost and returns under irrigation and rainfed condition. 1.2 Economics of egg production: Expenditure and income. 1.3 Economics of silkworm rearing: Investment and returns 1.4 Economics of silk reeling (per kg of raw silk): Cost and returns for different types of reeling establishments. 1.5 Sericulture marketing organization for seed cocoon, raw silk and silk fabric 1.6 Traditional and regulated markets, their merits and limitations 	Students learn about mulberry cultivation, investment, sericulture marketing and organization and traditional and regulated markets, merits and limitations of sericulture.